

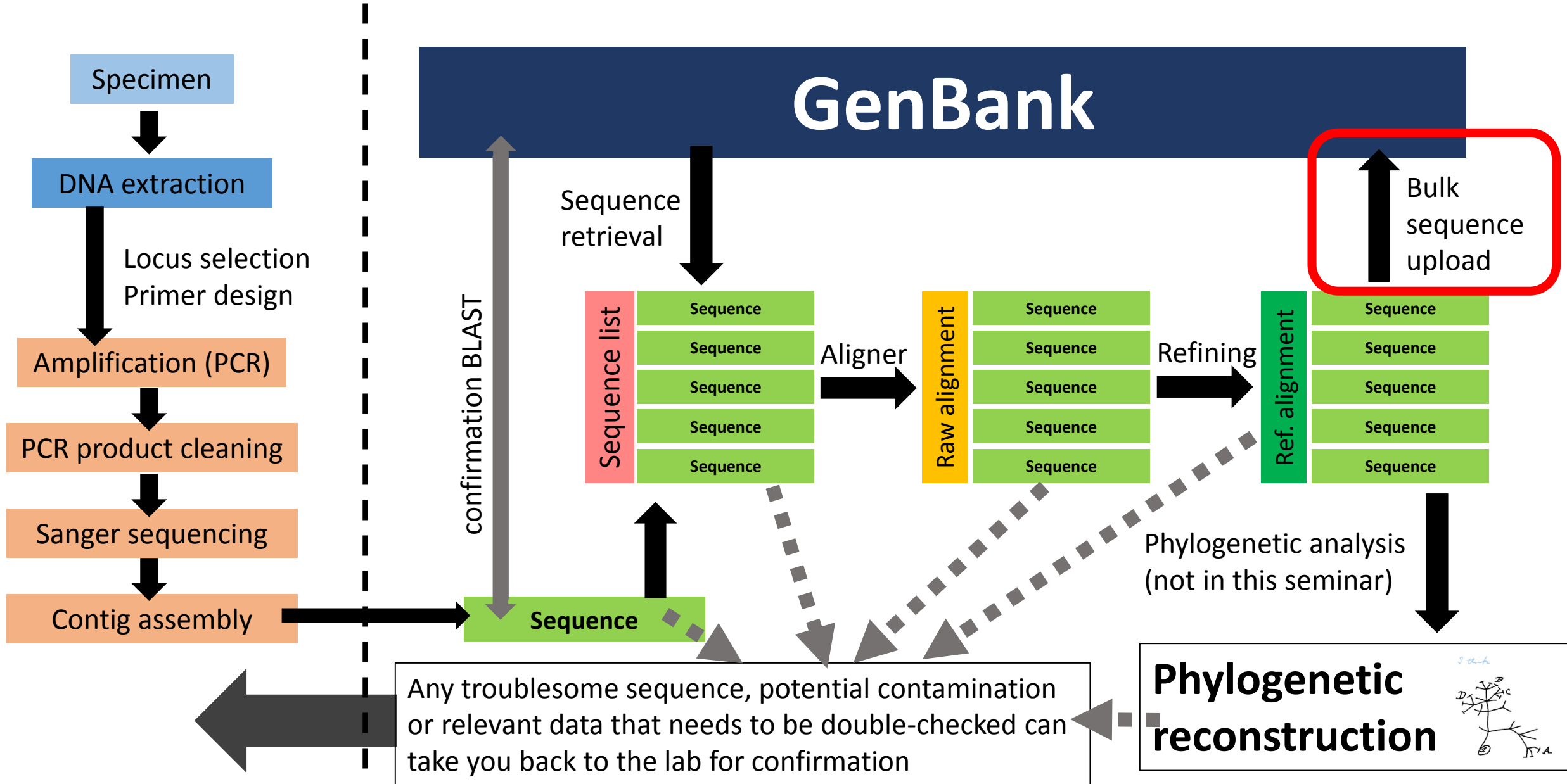
# Uploading sequences to GenBank



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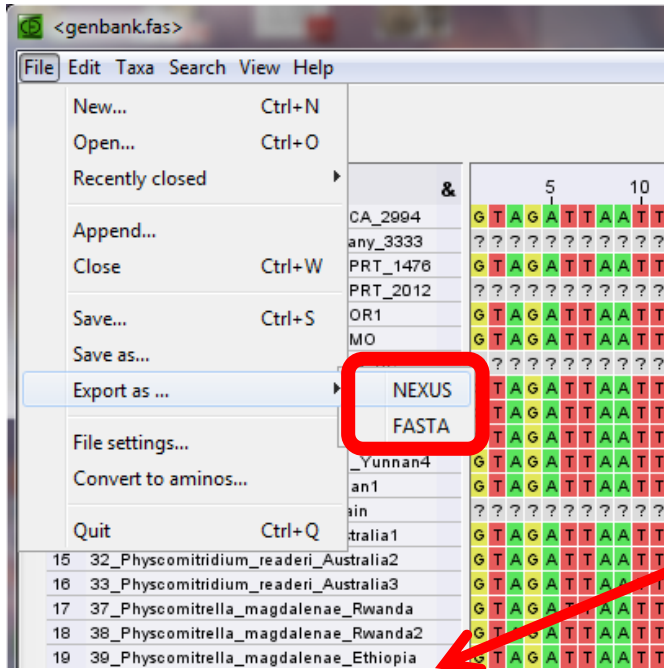
# A road map to phylogenetic data gathering



# Preparation of the NEXUS file

- Use the full alignment (without exclusions) for Genbank submission
- Export as a NEXUS file

Create a text file with voucher specifications (this will save you time later)



```
11 20_Physcomitrella_patens_China_Yunnan4>[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=
12 21_Physcomitridium_readeri_Japan1>[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Mül
13 30_Physcomitridium_readeri_Spain>[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Mül
14 31_Physcomitridium_readeri_Australia1>[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=
15 32_Physcomitridium_readeri_Australia2>[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=
16 33_Physcomitridium_readeri_Australia3>[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=
17 37_Physcomitrella_magdalenaes_Rwanda>[org=Physcomitrella magdalenaes][authority=
18 38_Physcomitrella_magdalenaes_Rwanda2>[org=Physcomitrella magdalenaes][authorit
19 39_Physcomitrella_magdalenaes_Ethiopia>[org=Physcomitrella magdalenaes][authorit
```

Use the same sequence name and order as in the alignment

Use ">" as separator

List of attributes:  
[org=] (organism)  
[authority=]  
[molecule=]  
[location=]  
[specimen-voucher=]  
[note=]

Once it is ready, erase everything before the ">". Do not change the order afterwards

# Preparation of the NEXUS file

Add a NCBI block in the nexus file

It should start with “BEGIN NCBI” and should be closed with “END;”

The voucher specifications are added as a matrix with the label “SEQUIN”

End the matrix with “;”

“DATA” block,  
generated by the  
editor

NCBI block

```
1 #NEXUS
2
3 BEGIN DATA;
4 DIMENSIONS NTAX=19 NCHAR=457;
5 FORMAT DATATYPE=DNA GAP=- MISSING=? ;
6
7 MATRIX
8 05_Physcomitrella_patens_USA_CA_2994 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
9 06_Physcomitrella_patens_Germany_3333 ??????????????????ACGC
10 08_Physcomitrella_patens_UK_APRT_1476 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
11 11_Physcomitrella_patens_UK_APRT_2012 ??????????????????ACGC
12 12_Physcomitrella_patens_USA_OR1 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
13 14_Physcomitrella_patens_USA_MO GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
14 16_Physcomitrella_patens_Canada_BC ??????????????????ACGC
15 17_Physcomitrella_patens_China_Yunnan1 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
16 18_Physcomitrella_patens_China_Yunnan2 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
17 19_Physcomitrella_patens_China_Yunnan3 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
18 20_Physcomitrella_patens_China_Yunnan4 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
19 21_Physcomitridium_readeri_Japan1 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
20 30_Physcomitridium_readeri_Spain ??????????????????ACGC
21 31_Physcomitridium_readeri_Australia1 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
22 32_Physcomitridium_readeri_Australia2 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
23 33_Physcomitridium_readeri_Australia3 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
24 37_Physcomitrella_magdalenaes_Rwanda GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
25 38_Physcomitrella_magdalenaes_Rwanda2 GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
26 39_Physcomitrella_magdalenaes_Ethiopia GTAGATTAATTTCCAATACGC
27 ;
28 END;
29
30 BEGIN NCBI;
31 SEQUIN
32 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
33 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
34 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
35 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
36 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
37 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
38 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
39 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
40 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
41 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
42 >[org=Physcomitrella patens][authority=(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp.][:
43 >[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Müll. Hal.) G. Roth][m
44 >[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Müll. Hal.) G. Roth][m
45 >[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Müll. Hal.) G. Roth][m
46 >[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Müll. Hal.) G. Roth][m
47 >[org=Physcomitridium readeri][authority=(Müll. Hal.) G. Roth][m
48 >[org=Physcomitrella magdalenaes][authority=J.L. De Sloover][mole
49 >[org=Physcomitrella magdalenaes][authority=J.L. De Sloover][mole
50 >[org=Physcomitrella magdalenaes][authority=J.L. De Sloover][mole
51 ;
52 END;
53
```

Beginning of the block

“Sequin” label

Specifications, notes etc  
(pasted as in the  
previous slide)

This ends the sequin  
matrix

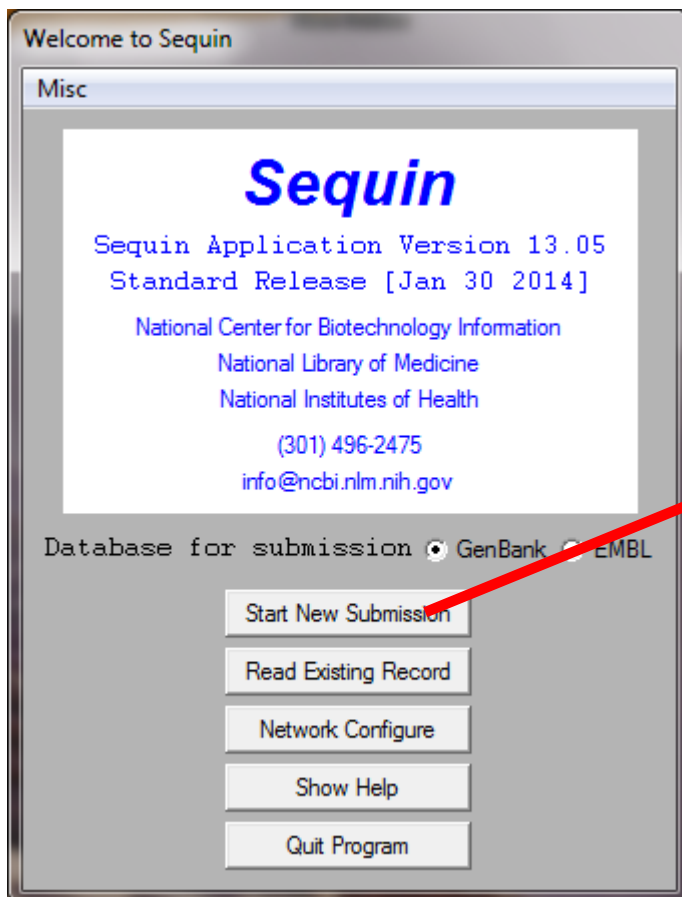
End of the NCBI block

# SEQUIN

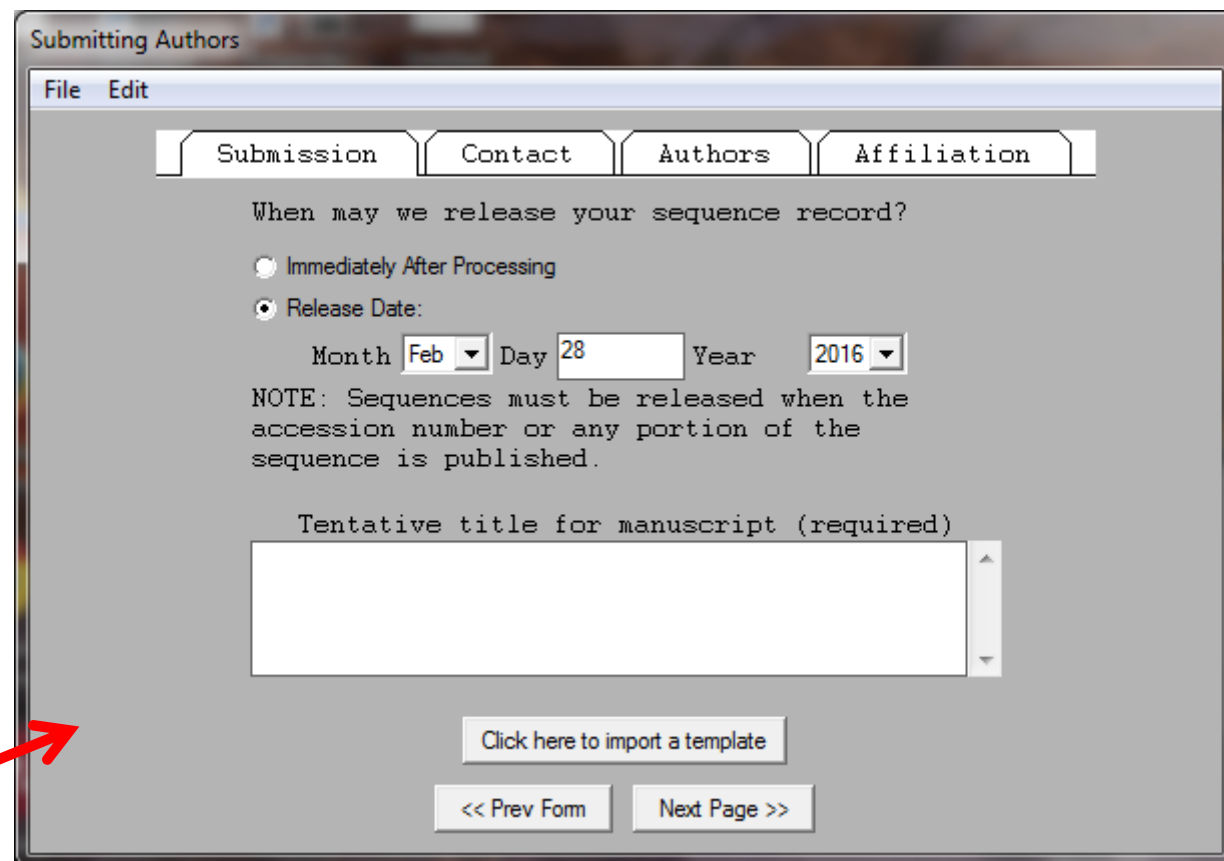
Sequin is the NCBI software developed to upload sequences to GenBank



Download it from [here](#)



New submission



Form 1: authors

Fill the details of the publication, desired release date, authors, affiliation, etc.

Save this information in a template before proceeding to the next form, it will save you time if the program crashes (surprisingly likely scenario)

# SEQUIN

## Form 2: alignment

In this example we are submitting an alignment through the “normal submission dialog”, it is a phylogenetic study and we will upload a nexus alignment

Import the alignment. If you have done everything correctly, the sequences AND the attributes of the nexus file will be incorporated

Organism and Sequences

File Edit

Nucleotide Sequencing Method

Click 'Import Nucleotide Alignment' to load your nucleotide alignment file.

Click on 'Custom Alignment Settings' if Sequin has trouble reading your alignment file.

Import Nucleotide Alignment Optional Alignment Settings

Specify Molecule Specify Topology Vector Trim Tool

<< Prev Form Next Page >>

You will be then required to input how the sequences were obtained

Alignment reading summary

File

```
Found 19 sequences
Found 19 organisms
05_Physcomitrella_patens_USA_CA_2994429 nucleotides[org=Physco
06_Physcomitrella_patens_Germany_3333424 nucleotides[org=Physco
08_Physcomitrella_patens_UK_APRT_1476438 nucleotides[org=Physco
11_Physcomitrella_patens_UK_APRT_2012433 nucleotides[org=Physco
```

Specify the type of molecule and topology (lineal DNA in this case)

# SEQUIN

## Form 3: general characteristics

Modifier	Status
Organism	All present, mixed values
Authority	All present, mixed values
location	All present, one unique val
molecule	All present, one unique val
note-subsrc	All present, all unique val
Specimen-vou...	All present, mixed values

Add Organisms, Locations, and Genetic Codes

Import Source Modifiers   Add Source Modifiers

Clear All Source Modifiers

<< Prev Page   Next Page >>

## Organism

The organism names, details, genetic code, etc, should have been incorporated automatically by now. Check it before proceeding

## Proteins

Unless you are submitting a single protein gene, skip this tab

## Annotation

Unless your sequence includes only one feature (region, gene), just tick “none”

Then...

Add title to all sequences if not in definition line

Title: photosystem II protein D1 (psbA) gene, partial cds; psbA-trnH spacer, complete sequence; and

Prefix title with organism name

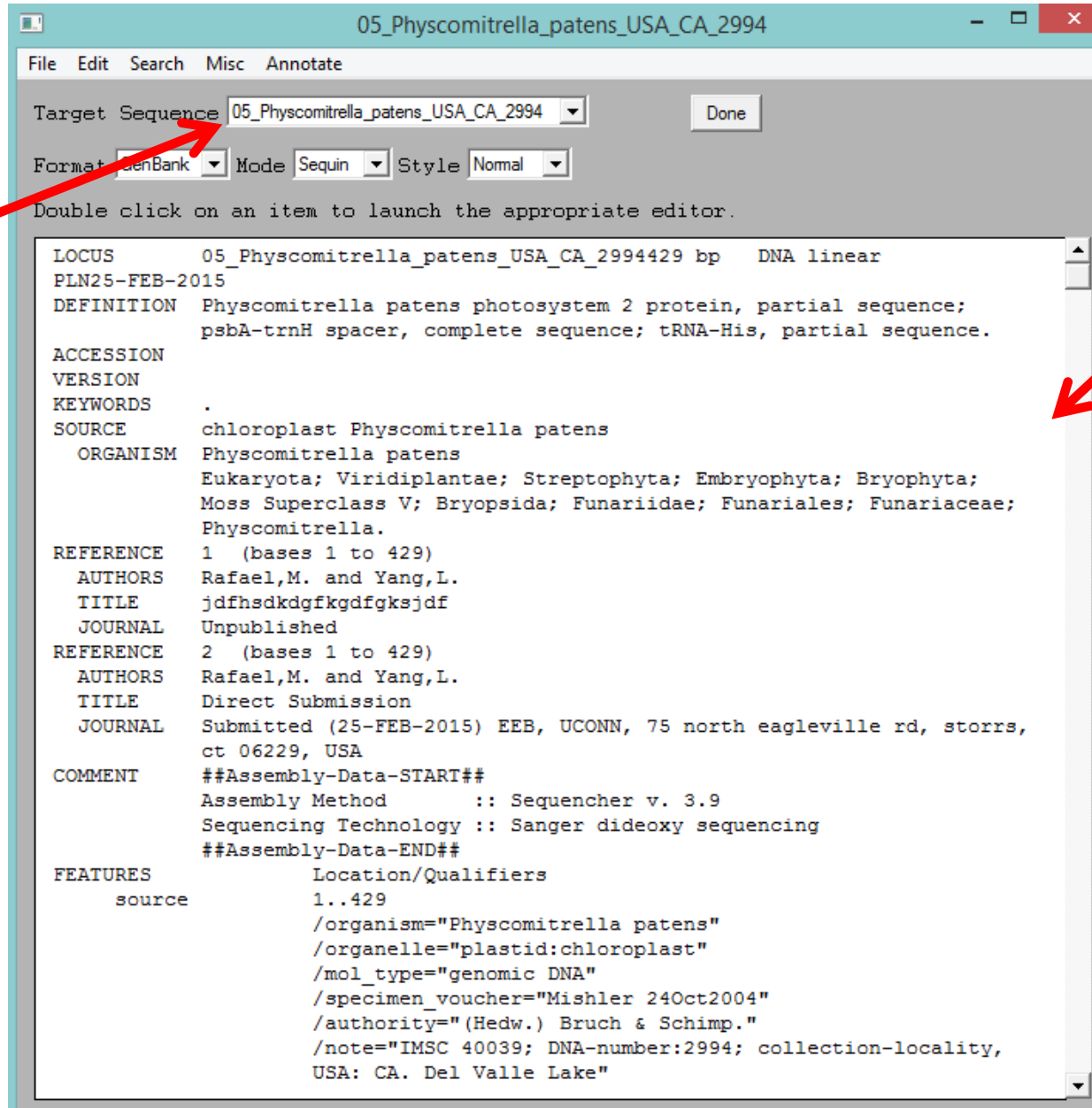
Define the title of your sequences. Include a detailed description of the region and choose to prefix the title with the organism name



# SEQUIN

Form 4: annotation

Pick a sample with a good, long sequence to use as a template for annotations



The screenshot shows the SEQUIN software window titled "05\_Physcomitrella\_patens\_USA\_CA\_2994". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, Search, Misc, Annotate), a "Target Sequence" dropdown menu with the selected value "05\_Physcomitrella\_patens\_USA\_CA\_2994", and a "Done" button. Below the menu bar are dropdown menus for "Format" (set to "GenBank"), "Mode" (set to "Sequin"), and "Style" (set to "Normal"). A red arrow points from the text "Form 4: annotation" to the "Target Sequence" dropdown. The main text area contains a GenBank-style record for a sequence from Physcomitrella patens. A red arrow points from the text "In this area you can see how the sequence will look in Genbank..." to the main text area.

```
LOCUS       05_Physcomitrella_patens_USA_CA_2994429 bp   DNA linear
PLN25-FEB-2015
DEFINITION Physcomitrella patens photosystem 2 protein, partial sequence;
            psbA-trnH spacer, complete sequence; tRNA-His, partial sequence.
ACCESSION
VERSION
KEYWORDS   .
SOURCE     chloroplast Physcomitrella patens
            ORGANISM  Physcomitrella patens
            Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Bryophyta;
            Moss Superclass V; Bryopsida; Funariidae; Funariales; Funariaceae;
            Physcomitrella.
REFERENCE  1 (bases 1 to 429)
            AUTHORS   Rafael,M. and Yang,L.
            TITLE     jdfhsdkdkgfkgdfgksjdf
            JOURNAL   Unpublished
REFERENCE  2 (bases 1 to 429)
            AUTHORS   Rafael,M. and Yang,L.
            TITLE     Direct Submission
            JOURNAL   Submitted (25-FEB-2015) EEB, UCONN, 75 north eagleville rd, storrs,
            ct 06229, USA
COMMENT    ##Assembly-Data-START##
            Assembly Method      :: Sequencher v. 3.9
            Sequencing Technology :: Sanger dideoxy sequencing
            ##Assembly-Data-END##
FEATURES   Location/Qualifiers
            source             1..429
                                /organism="Physcomitrella patens"
                                /organelle="plastid:chloroplast"
                                /mol_type="genomic DNA"
                                /specimen_voucher="Mishler 24Oct2004"
                                /authority="(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp."
                                /note="IMSC 40039; DNA-number:2994; collection-locality,
                                USA: CA. Del Valle Lake"
```

In this area you can see how the sequence will look in Genbank. So far all the relevant information is included except the annotations, the “indices” that will tell the reader where each region starts and ends

At this stage, go back to your lab book and summarize the limits of each feature of the sequence that you want to annotate



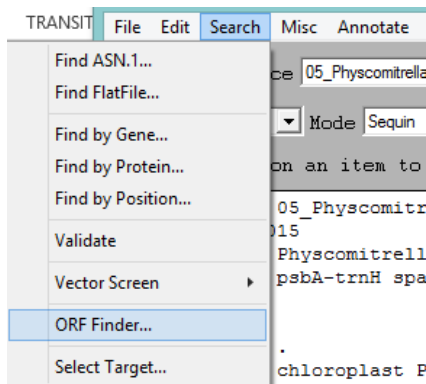
# SEQUIN

Example 1: annotation of a CDS  
(Coding DNA Sequence)

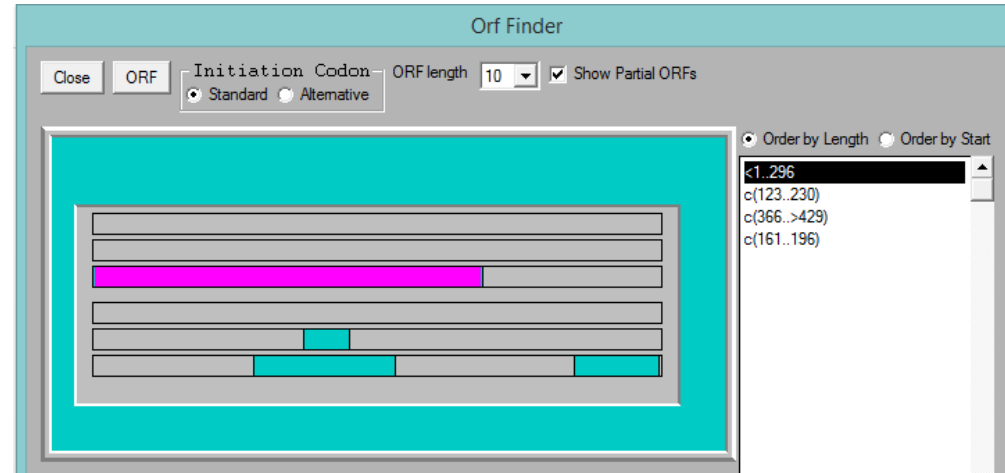
The first part of this sequence is the partial psbA protein. The stop codon (TAA) ends in position 296

#	Name	&	90	295	31						
1	05 Physcomitrella patens USA CA 2994		C	G	G	T	A	A	T	T	T
2	06 Physcomitrella patens Germany 3333		C	G	G	T	A	A	T	T	T
3	08 Physcomitrella patens UK APRT 1476		C	G	G	T	A	A	T	T	T
4	11 Physcomitrella patens UK APRT 2012		C	G	G	T	A	A	T	T	T
5	12 Physcomitrella patens USA OR1		C	G	G	T	A	A	T	T	T
6	14 Physcomitrella patens USA MO		C	G	G	T	A	A	T	T	T

Use the ORF (Open Reading Frame) finder to pick this CDS

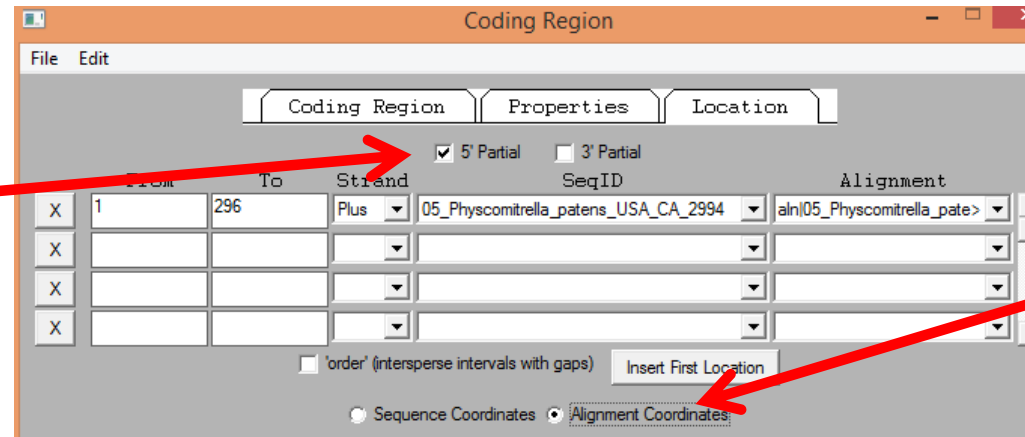


You can easily explore the six possible frames and select the one that corresponds to the actual protein



Double click the CDS and complete the relevant information, at least the name and abbreviation of the protein, and a comment clarifying that it is partial

5' partial



Use better alignment coordinates if you have indels

Finally, check the location details and accept

# SEQUIN

After the annotation is done, it should appear correctly in the visualization window

05\_Physcomitrella\_patens\_USA\_CA\_2994

File Edit Search Misc Annotate

Target Sequence 05\_Physcomitrella\_patens\_USA\_CA\_2994 Done

Format GenBank Mode Sequin Style Normal

lcl|05\_Physcomitrella\_patens\_USA\_CA\_>: raw, dna len= 429

```
COMMENT      ct 06229, USA
              ##Assembly-Data-START##
              Assembly Method      :: Sequencher v. 3.9
              Sequencing Technology :: Sanger dideoxy sequencing
              ##Assembly-Data-END##

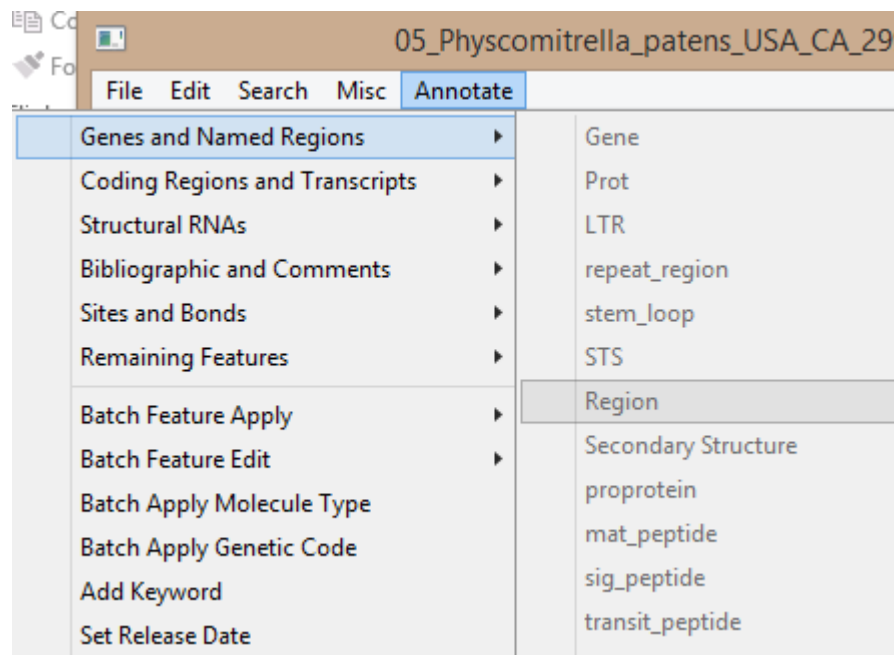
FEATURES             Location/Qualifiers
     source           1..429
                     /organism="Physcomitrella patens"
                     /organelle="plastid:chloroplast"
                     /mol_type="genomic DNA"
                     /specimen_voucher="Mishler 24Oct2004"
                     /authority="(Hedw.) Bruch & Schimp."
                     /note="IMSC 40039; DNA-number:2994; collect:
                     USA: CA. Del Valle Lake"
     CDS              <1..296
                     /note="Photosystem II protein D2; partial s
                     /codon_start=3
                     /transl_table=11
                     /product="psbA"
                     /translation="RLIFQYASFNNSRSLHFFLAAWPVVGIWF
                     NFNQSVVDSQGRVINTWADIINRANLGMVEVMHERNAHNFPLDLI

BASE COUNT      127 a      80 c      71 g      151 t
ORIGIN
     1 gtagattaat tttccaatac gctagcttta acaactctcg ttctttacac
    61 ctgcttggcc tgtagtaggt atctggttca ctgcgtagg tatcagcact
```

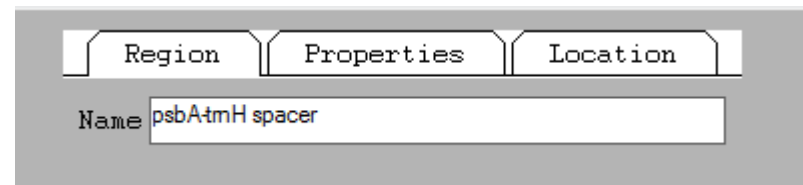
# SEQUIN

## Example 2: annotation of a spacer

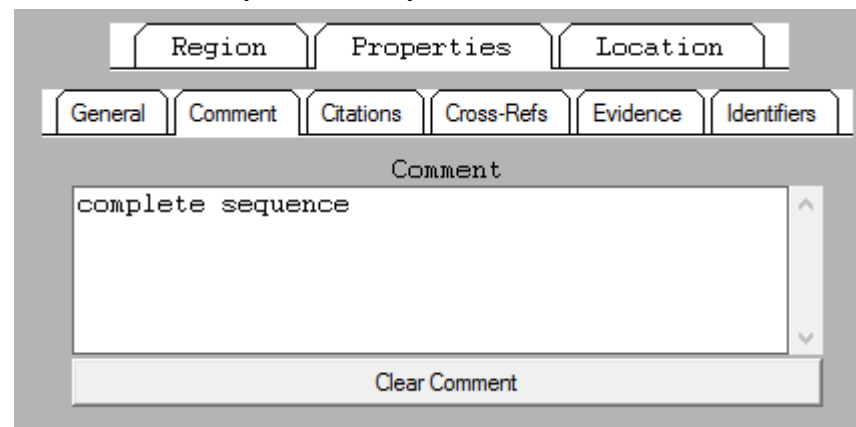
Assuming you want to annotate a well-known, non-coding spacer (as psbA/trnH), you can consider it a “named region”



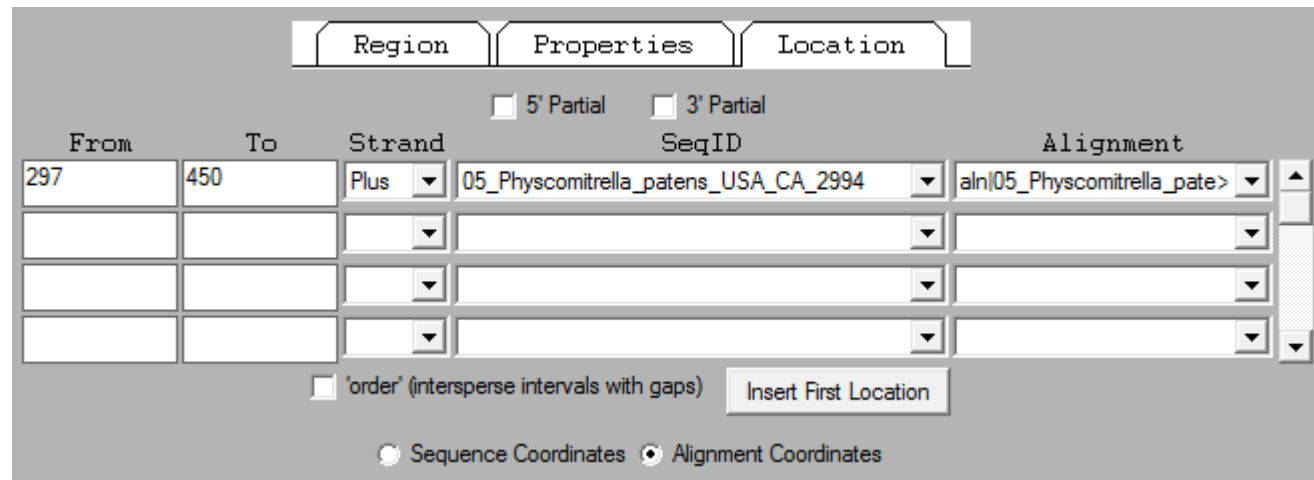
## Name the region



## Comment if it is complete or partial



## Specify the interval in the alignment

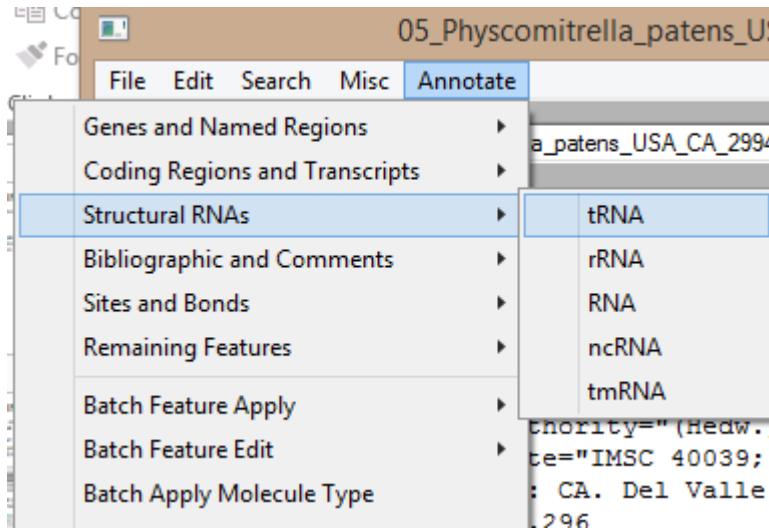


# SEQUIN

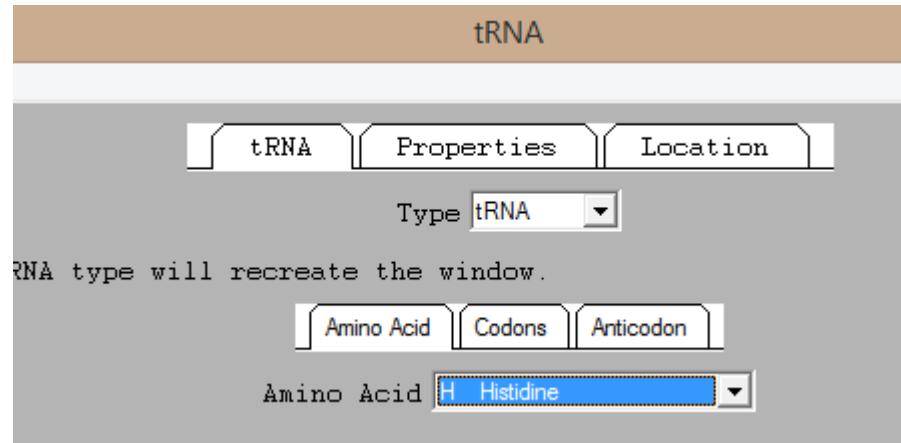
Example 3: annotation of a tRNA

The last feature of our example is a fragment of the tRNA-His gene

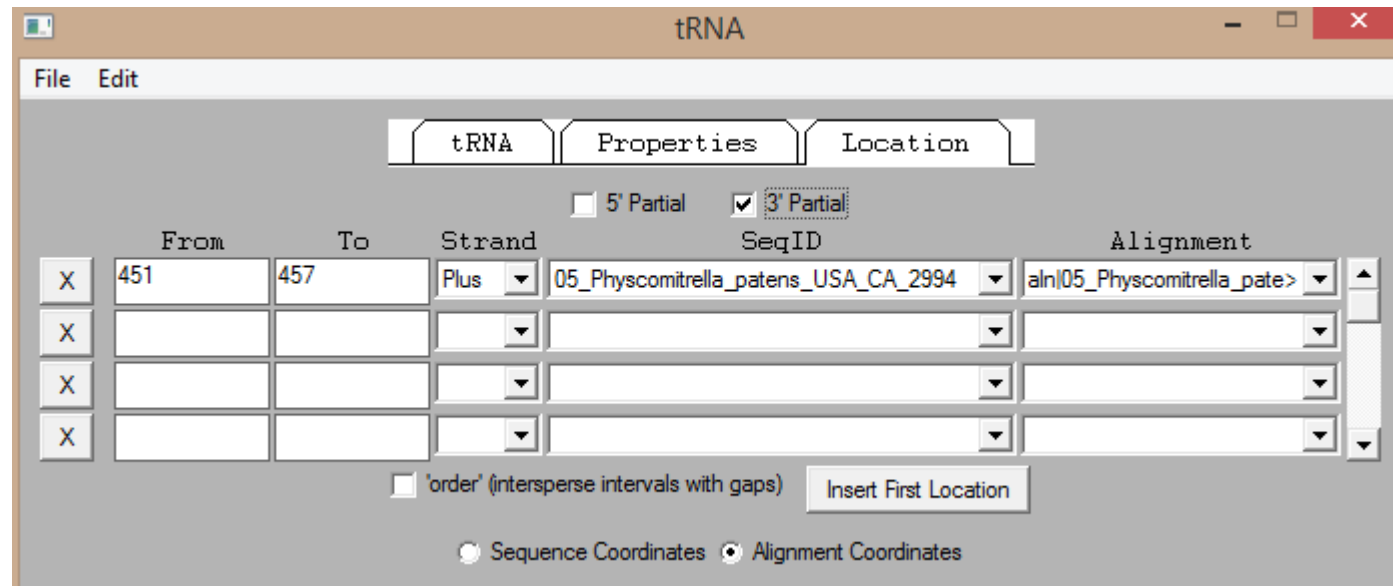
tRNAs are considered in Sequin “structural RNAs”



Specify the aminoacid and, if possible, the codon



Then, business as usual: specify limits, completeness, etc

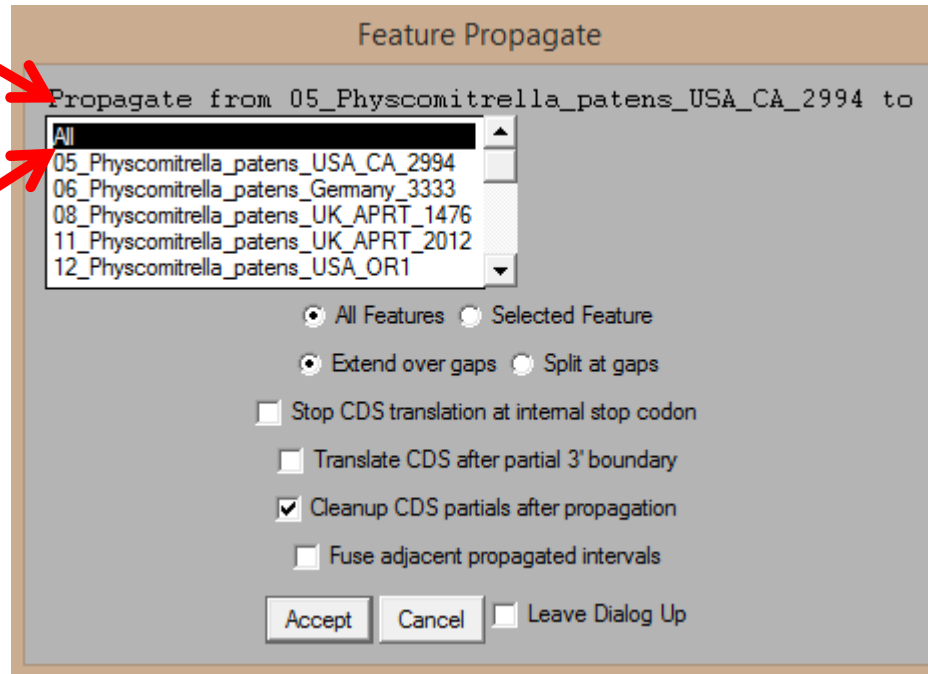


# SEQUIN

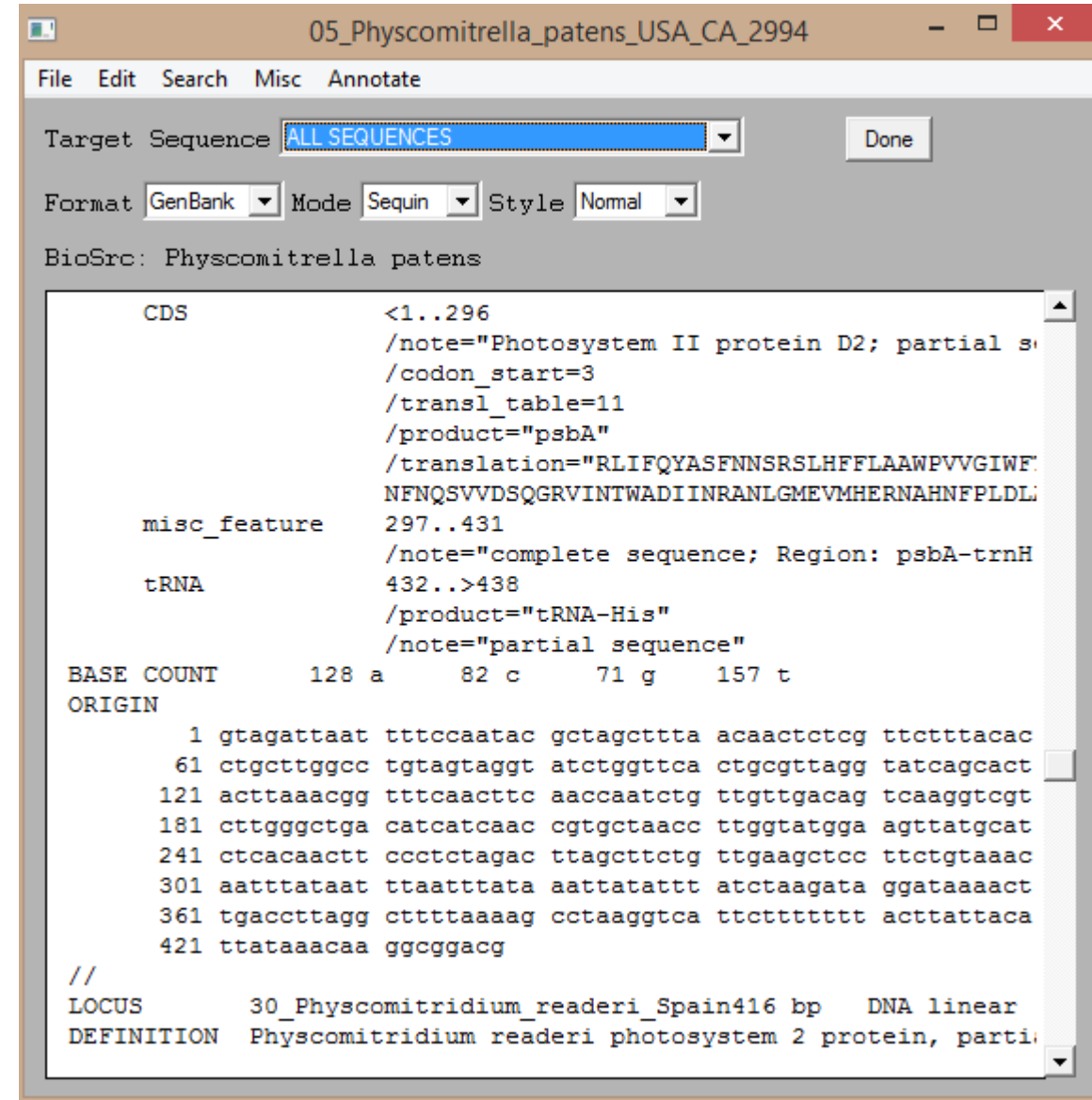
Once you have your chosen sequence completely annotated, propagate those annotations across the whole alignment (Edit > Feature Propagate)

Your annotated sequence

To all the alignment



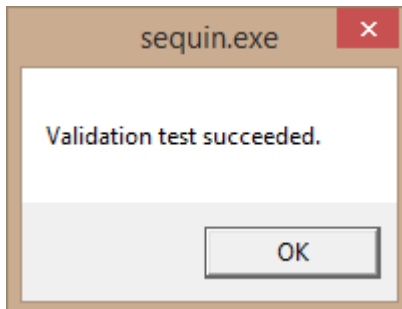
Then, check that the other sequences seem to have acquired the annotations correctly



# SEQUIN

You are almost ready for submission. Cross your fingers and validate the file (Search>Validate)

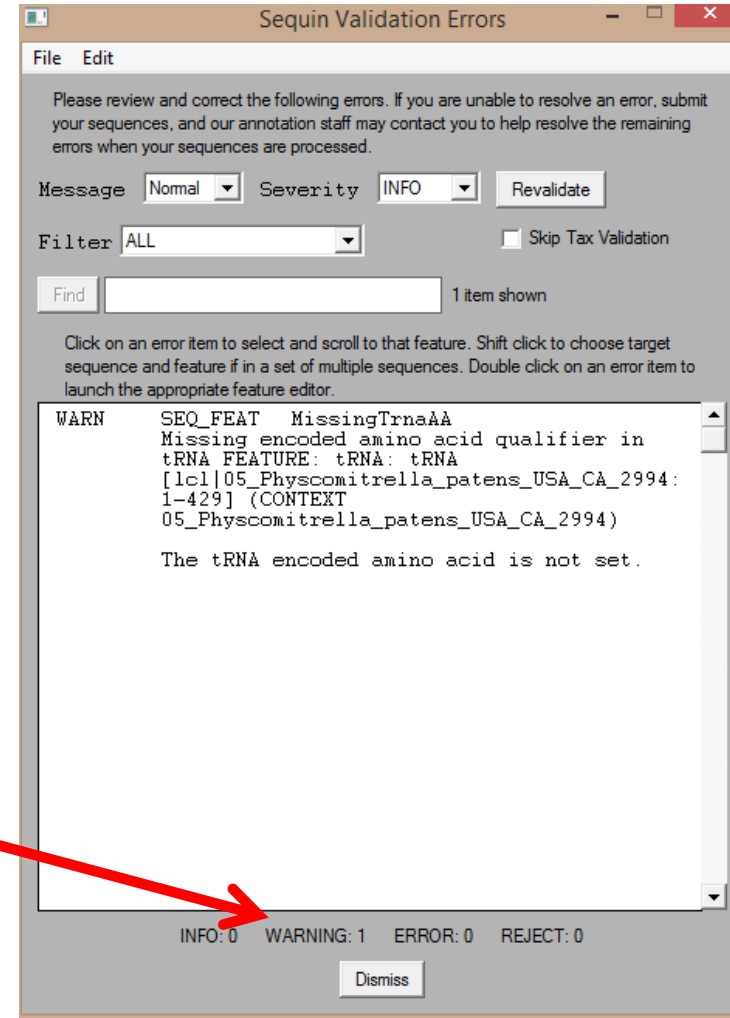
If everything is ok, you will see something like this:



Then you just need to export the sequin file: choose "Prepare submission" in the File menu and save your record. Send it by email to

**gb-sub@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov**

Alternatively you will receive some error messages with different degrees of "severity"



Even the warnings or lesser errors can give you trouble after your submission. It is better to fix them all and revalidate the submission. Often this means to start the whole process again, so be patient and meticulous!